

Part VI: Summary of the risk management plan

Summary of the risk management plan for Eltrombopag Vipharm

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for Eltrombopag Vipharm. The RMP details important risks of Eltrombopag Vipharm, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about Eltrombopag Vipharm's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

Eltrombopag Vipharm's summary of product characteristics (SmPC) and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how Eltrombopag Vipharm should be used.

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of Eltrombopag Vipharm's RMP.

I. The medicine and what it is used for

Eltrombopag Vipharm is authorised for the following indications:

- **Immune thrombocytopenia:**

Eltrombopag Vipharm is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with primary immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) who are refractory to other treatments (e.g. corticosteroids, immunoglobulins).

Eltrombopag Vipharm is indicated for the treatment of paediatric patients aged 1 year and above with primary immune thrombocytopenia (ITP) lasting 6 months or longer from diagnosis and who are refractory to other treatments (e.g. corticosteroids, immunoglobulins).

- **HCV-associated thrombocytopenia:**

Eltrombopag Vipharm is indicated in adult patients with chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection for the treatment of thrombocytopenia, where the degree of thrombocytopenia is the main factor preventing the initiation or limiting the ability to maintain optimal interferon-based therapy.

- **Severe aplastic anaemia**

Eltrombopag Vipharm is indicated in adult patients with acquired severe aplastic anaemia (SAA) who were either refractory to prior immunosuppressive therapy or heavily pretreated and are unsuitable for haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.

It contains eltrombopag as the active substance and it is given by oral administration.

II. Risks associated with the medicine and activities to minimise or further characterise the risks

Important risks of Eltrombopag Vipharm, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about Eltrombopag's risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;

- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation* measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed, so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute *routine pharmacovigilance activities*.

If important information that may affect the safe use of Eltrombopag Vipfarm is not yet available, it is listed under 'missing information' below.

II.A List of important risks and missing information

Important risks of Eltrombopag Vipfarm are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely taken. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of Eltrombopag Vipfarm. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g. on the long-term use of the medicine);

List of important risks and missing information		
Important risks	identified	Adult ITP, Paediatric ITP, HCV-associated thrombocytopenia and severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatotoxicity • Thromboembolic events HCV-associated thrombocytopenia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hepatic decompensation
Important risks	potential	Adult ITP, Paediatric ITP, and HCV-associated thrombocytopenia and severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Increased Bone Marrow Reticulin Formation • Haematological malignancies Severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cytogenetic abnormalities
Missing information		Adult ITP, Paediatric ITP, and HCV-associated thrombocytopenia and severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patients with hepatic impairment Severe aplastic anaemia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use in paediatric population

II.B Summary of important risks

The safety information in the proposed Product Information is aligned to the reference medicinal product.

II.C Post-authorisation development plan

II.C.1 Studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of the Applicant's eltrombopag

II.C.2 Other studies in post-authorisation development plan

There are no studies required for the Applicant's eltrombopag